#### Section VI

## PRODUCTS OF THE CHEMICAL OR ALLIED INDUSTRIES

#### **CHAPTER 28**

Inorganic chemicals; organic or inorganic compounds of precious metals, of rare-earth metals, of radioactive elements or of isotopes

## **Primary Rule 1: Chemical Reaction**

A chemical reaction is to be considered as origin conferring when it corresponds to the following definition.

A "chemical reaction" is a process (including a biochemical process) which results in a molecule with a new structure by breaking intramolecular bonds and by forming new intramolecular bonds, or by altering the spatial arrangement of atoms in a molecule.

The following are not considered to be chemical reactions for the purposes of this definition:

- (a) dissolving in water or other solvents;
- (b) the elimination of solvents including solvent water; or
- (c) the addition or elimination of water of crystallization.

# Primary Rule 2: Mixtures and blends

- (a) The deliberate and proportionally controlled mixing or blending (including dispersing) of materials to conform to predetermined specifications which results in the production of a good having physical or chemical characteristics which are relevant to the purposes or uses of the good and are different from the input materials is to be considered as origin conferring.
- (b) However the addition, whether or not in combination, of diluents only or of the additives enumerated in HS Chapter Note 1(d) and 1(e) to Chapter 28 for the purposes indicated therein, is to be disregarded in determining the origin of the good.

## **Primary Rule 3: Purification**

- (a) purification of a good resulting in the elimination of 80 percent of the content of existing impurities; or
- (b) the reduction or elimination of impurities resulting in a good suitable for one or more of the following applications:
  - (i) pharmaceutical, medical, cosmetic, veterinary or food grade substances;
  - (ii) chemical products and reagents for analytical, diagnostic or laboratory uses;
  - (iii) elements and components for use in micro-electronics;
  - (iv) specialized optical uses;

- (v) biotechnical use (e.g., in cell culturing, in genetic technology, or as a catalyst);
- (vi) carriers used in a separation process; or
- (vii) nuclear grade uses.

## Primary Rule 4: Change in particle size

The deliberate and controlled modification in particle size of a good, other than by merely crushing or pressing, resulting in a good having a defined particle size, defined particle size distribution or defined surface area, which are relevant to the purposes of the resulting good and have different physical or chemical characteristics from the input materials is to be considered as origin conferring.

## **Primary Rule 5: Standard Materials**

Standard materials (including standard solutions) are preparations suitable for analytical, calibrating or referencing uses having precise degrees of purity or proportions which are certified by the manufacturer. The production of standard materials is to be considered as origin conferring.

## **Primary Rule 6: Isomer Separation**

The isolation or separation of isomers from a mixture of isomers is to be considered as origin conferring.

#### Chapter residual rule:

HS 2022 Code	Description of goods	Primary rules
2801	Fluorine, chlorine, bromine and iodine.	СТЅН
2802	Sulphur, sublimed or precipitated; colloidal sulphur.	СТН
2803	Carbon (carbon blacks and other forms of carbon not elsewhere specified or included).	СТН
2804	Hydrogen, rare gases and other non-metals.	СТЅН
2805	Alkali or alkaline-earth metals; rare-earth metals, scandium and yttrium, whether or not intermixed or interalloyed; mercury.	CTSH
2806	Hydrogen chloride (hydrochloric acid); chlorosulphuric acid.	СТЅН
2807	Sulphuric acid; oleum.	СТН
2808	Nitric acid; sulphonitric acids.	СТН

HS 2022 Code	Description of goods	Primary rules
2809	Diphosphorus pentaoxide; phosphoric acid; polyphosphoric acids, whether or not chemically defined.	СТЅН
2810	Oxides of boron; boric acids.	СТН
2811	Other inorganic acids and other inorganic oxygen compounds of non-metals.	СТЅН
2812	Halides and halide oxides of non-metals.	СТЅН
2813	Sulphides of non-metals; commercial phosphorus trisulphide.	СТЅН
2814	Ammonia, anhydrous or in aqueous solution.	As specified for subheadings
281410	- Anhydrous ammonia	СТЅН
281420	- Ammonia in aqueous solution	СТН
2815	Sodium hydroxide (caustic soda); potassium hydroxide (caustic potash); peroxides of sodium or potassium.	As specified for subheadings
	- Sodium hydroxide (caustic soda):	
2815 11	Solid	CTSH, except from subheading 2815 12
2815 12	In aqueous solution (soda lye or liquid soda)	CTSH, except from subheading 2815 11
2815 20	- Potassium hydroxide (caustic potash)	СТЅН
2815 30	- Peroxides of sodium or potassium	СТЅН
2816	Hydroxide and peroxide of magnesium; oxides, hydroxides and peroxides, of strontium or barium.	СТН
2817	Zinc oxide; zinc peroxide.	СТН
2818	Artificial corundum, whether or not chemically defined; aluminium oxide; aluminium hydroxide.	СТЅН
2819	Chromium oxides and hydroxides.	СТЅН
2820	Manganese oxides.	СТЅН

HS 2022 Code	Description of goods	Primary rules
2821	Iron oxides and hydroxides; earth colours containing 70 % or more by weight of combined iron evaluated as Fe2O3.	СТЅН
2822	Cobalt oxides and hydroxides; commercial cobalt oxides.	СТН
2823	Titanium oxides.	СТН
2824	Lead oxides; red lead and orange lead.	СТЅН
2825	Hydrazine and hydroxylamine and their inorganic salts; other inorganic bases; other metal oxides, hydroxides and peroxides.	CTSH
2826	Fluorides; fluorosilicates, fluoroaluminates and other complex fluorine salts.	СТЅН
2827	Chlorides, chloride oxides and chloride hydroxides; bromides and bromide oxides; iodides and iodide oxides.	СТЅН
2828	Hypochlorites; commercial calcium hypochlorite; chlorites; hypobromites.	CTSH
2829	Chlorates and perchlorates; bromates and perbromates; iodates and periodates.	СТЅН
2830	Sulphides; polysulphides, whether or not chemically defined.	СТЅН
2831	Dithionites and sulphoxylates.	СТЅН
2832	Sulphites; thiosulphates.	СТЅН
2833	Sulphates; alums; peroxosulphates (persulphates).	CTSH
2834	Nitrites; nitrates.	СТЅН
2835	Phosphinates (hypophosphites), phosphonates (phosphites) and phosphates; polyphosphates, whether or not chemically defined	CTSH

HS 2022 Code	Description of goods	Primary rules
2836	Carbonates; peroxocarbonates (percarbonates); commercial ammonium carbonate containing ammonium carbamate.	CTSH
2837	Cyanides, cyanide oxides and complex cyanides.	СТЅН
[2838]		
2839	Silicates; commercial alkali metal silicates.	СТЅН
2840	Borates; peroxoborates (perborates).	As specified for subheadings
	- Disodium tetraborate (refined borax):	
2840 11	Anhydrous	CTSH, except from subheading 2840 19
2840 19	Other	CTSH, except from subheading 2840 11
2840 20	- Other borates	СТЅН
2840 30	- Peroxoborates (perborates)	СТЅН
2841	Salts of oxometallic or peroxometallic acids.	CTSH
2842	Other salts of inorganic acids or peroxoacids (including aluminosilicates whether or not chemically defined), other than azides.	CTSH
2843	Colloidal precious metals; inorganic or organic compounds of precious metals, whether or not chemically defined; amalgams of precious metals.	CTSH
2844	Radioactive chemical elements and radioactive isotopes (including the fissile or fertile chemical elements and isotopes) and their compounds; mixtures and residues containing these products	As specified for split headings

HS 2022 Code	Description of goods	Primary rules
ex2844(a)	- Waste and scrap; spent (irradiated) fuel elements (cartridges) of nuclear reactors.	The origin shall be the country where the radioactive waste and scrap or spent (irradiated) fuel elements (cartridges) of nuclear reactors of this split heading are derived or collected from manufacturing or processing operations or from consumption.
ex2844(b)	- Natural radioactive elements or compounds, other than goods of ex 2844(a)	The origin shall be the country where the natural radioactive elements or compounds of this split heading are obtained in their natural or unprocessed state.
ex2844(c)	- Enriched or depleted radioactive elements or compounds, and alloys, dispersions (including cermets), ceramic products and mixtures containing such elements or compounds, other than goods of ex2844(a)	CTHS, or change within this split heading following enrichment or depletion.
ex2844(d)	- Other	CTHS
2845	Isotopes other than those of heading 2844; compounds, inorganic or organic, of such isotopes, whether or not chemically defined.	As specified for subheadings
2845 10	- Heavy water (deuterium oxide)	CTSH
2845 90	- Other	As specified for split subheadings
ex2845 90(a)	Enriched or depleted isotopes other than those of heading 2844; compounds of such isotopes	CTSHS, or change within this split subheading following enrichment or depletion.
ex2845 90(b)	Other	CTSHS
2846	Compounds, inorganic or organic, of rare- earth metals, of yttrium or of scandium or of mixtures of these metals.	CTSH
2847	Hydrogen peroxyde, whether or not solidified with urea.	СТН
2849	Carbides, whether or not chemically defined.	CTSH

HS 2022 Code	Description of goods	Primary rules
2850	Hydrides, nitrides, azides, silicides and borides, whether or not chemically defined, other than compounds which are also carbides of heading 2849.	СТН
[2851]		
2852	Compounds, inorganic or organic, of mercury, excluding amalgams.	СТЅН
2853	Phosphides, whether or not chemically defined, excluding ferrophosphorues; other inorganic compounds (including distilled or conductivity water and water of similar purity); liquid air (whether or not rare gases have been removed); compressed air; amalgams, other than amalgams of precious metals.	СТН

# **Organic chemicals**

#### **Primary Rule 1: Chemical Reaction**

A chemical reaction is to be considered as origin conferring when it corresponds to the following definition.

A "chemical reaction" is a process (including a biochemical process) which results in a molecule with a new structure by breaking intramolecular bonds and by forming new intramolecular bonds, or by altering the spatial arrangement of atoms in a molecule.

The following are not considered to be chemical reactions for the purposes of this definition:

- (a) dissolving in water or other solvents;
- (b) the elimination of solvents including solvent water; or
- (c) the addition or elimination of water of crystallization.

#### Primary Rule 2: Mixtures and blends

- (a) The deliberate and proportionally controlled mixing or blending (including dispersing) of materials to conform to predetermined specifications which results in the production of a good having physical or chemical characteristics which are relevant to the purposes or uses of the good and are different from the input materials is to be considered as origin conferring.
- (b) However the addition, whether or not in combination, of diluents only or of the additives enumerated in HS Chapter Note 1(d) and 1(e) to Chapter 29 for the purposes indicated therein, is to be disregarded in determining the origin of the good.

# **Primary Rule 3: Purification**

- (a) purification of a good resulting in the elimination of 80 percent of the content of existing impurities; or
- (b) the reduction or elimination of impurities resulting in a good suitable for one or more of the following applications:
  - (i) pharmaceutical, medical, cosmetic, veterinary or food grade substances;
  - (ii) chemical products and reagents for analytical, diagnostic or laboratory uses;
  - (iii) elements and components for use in micro-electronics;
  - (iv) specialized optical uses;
  - (v) biotechnical use (e.g., in cell culturing, in genetic technology, or as a catalyst);
  - (vi) carriers used in a separation process; or
  - (vii) nuclear grade uses.

#### Primary Rule 4: Change in particle size

The deliberate and controlled modification in particle size of a good, other than by merely crushing or pressing, resulting in a good having a defined particle size, defined particle size distribution or defined surface area, which are relevant to the purposes of the resulting good and have different physical or chemical characteristics from the input materials is to be considered as origin conferring.

# **Primary Rule 5: Standard Materials**

Standard materials (including standard solutions) are preparations suitable for analytical, calibrating or referencing uses having precise degrees of purity or proportions which are certified by the manufacturer. The production of standard materials is to be considered as origin conferring.

# **Primary Rule 6: Isomer Separation**

The isolation or separation of isomers from a mixture of isomers is to be considered as origin conferring.

## Chapter residual rule:

HS 2022 Code	Description of goods	Primary rules
2901	Acyclic hydrocarbons.	CTSH
2902	Cyclic hydrocarbons.	CTSH
2903	Halogenated derivatives of hydrocarbons.	CTSH
2904	Sulphonated, nitrated or nitrosated derivatives of hydrocarbons, whether or not halogenated.	СТЅН
2905	Acyclic alcohols and their halogenated, sulphonated, nitrated or nitrosated derivatives.	СТЅН
2906	Cyclic alcohols and their halogenated, sulphonated, nitrated or nitrosated derivatives.	CTSH
2907	Phenols; phenol-alcohols.	CTSH
2908	Halogenated, sulphonated, nitrated or nitrosated derivatives of phenols or phenol-alcohols.	CTSH

HS 2022 Code	Description of goods	Primary rules
2909	Ethers, ether-alcohols, ether-phenols, ether-alcohol- phenols, alcohol peroxides, ether peroxides, acetal and hemiacetal peroxides, ketone peroxides (whether or not chemically defined), and their halogenated, sulphonated, nitrated or nitrosated derivatives.	As specified for split headings
ex2909(A)	- Acetal and hemiacetal peroxides	СТН
ex2909(B)	- other	СТЅН
2910	Epoxides, epoxyalcohols, epoxyphenols and epoxyethers, with a three-membered ring, and their halogenated, sulphonated, nitrated or nitrosated derivatives.	СТЅН
2911	Acetals and hemiacetals, whether or not with other oxygen function, and their halogenated, sulphonated, nitrated or nitrosated derivatives.	СТН
2912	Aldehydes, whether or not with other oxygen function; cyclic polymers of aldehydes; paraformaldehyde.	СТЅН
2913	Halogenated, sulphonated, nitrated or nitrosated derivatives of products of heading 2912.	СТН
2914	Ketones and quinones, whether or not with other oxygen function, and their halogenated, sulphonated, nitrated or nitrosated derivatives.	СТЅН
2915	Saturated acyclic monocarboxylic acids and their anhydrides, halides, peroxides and peroxyacids; their halogenated, sulphonated, nitrated or nitrosated derivatives.	СТЅН
2916	Unsaturated acyclic monocarboxylic acids, cyclic monocarboxylic acids, their anhydrides, halides, peroxides and peroxyacids; their halogenated, sulphonated, nitrated or nitrosated derivatives.	CTSH

HS 2022 Code	Description of goods	Primary rules
2917	Polycarboxylic acids, their anhydrides, halides, peroxides and peroxyacids; their halogenated, sulphonated, nitrated or nitrosated derivatives.	СТЅН
2918	Carboxylic acids with additional oxygen function and their anhydrides, halides, peroxides and peroxyacids; their halogenated, sulphonated, nitrated or nitrosated derivatives.	СТЅН
2919	Phosphoric esters and their salts, including lactophosphates; their halogenated, sulphonated, nitrated or nitrosated derivatives.	СТН
2920	Esters of other inorganic acids (excluding esters of hydrogen halides) and their salts; their halogenated, sulphonated, nitrated or nitrosated derivatives.	CTSH
2921	Amine-function compounds.	СТЅН
2922	Oxygen-function amino-compounds.	СТЅН
2923	Quaternary ammonium salts and hydroxides; lecithins and other phosphoaminolipids.	СТЅН
2924	Carboxyamide-function compounds; amide-function compounds of carbonic acid.	СТЅН
2925	Carboxyimide-function compounds (including saccharin and its salts) and imine-function compounds.	СТЅН
2926	Nitrile-function compounds.	СТЅН
2927	Diazo-, azo- or azoxy-compounds.	СТН
2928	Organic derivatives of hydrazine or of hydroxylamine.	СТН
2929	Compounds with other nitrogen function.	СТЅН

HS 2022 Code	Description of goods	Primary rules
2930	Organo-sulphur compounds.	CTSH
2931	Other organo-inorganic compounds.	СТН
2932	Heterocyclic compounds with oxygen hetero-atom(s) only.	СТЅН
2933	Heterocyclic compounds with nitrogen hetero-atom(s) only.	CTSH
2934	Nucleic acids and their salts; other heterocyclic compounds.	CTSH
2935	Sulphonamides.	СТН
2936	Provitamins and vitamins, natural or reproduced by synthesis (including natural concentrates), derivatives thereof used primarily as vitamins, and intermixtures of the foregoing, whether or not in any solvent.	СТЅН
2937	Hormones, natural or reproduced by synthesis; derivatives thereof, used primarily as hormones; other steroids used primarily as hormones.	СТЅН
2938	Glycosides, natural or reproduced by synthesis, and their salts, ethers, esters and other derivatives.	СТЅН
2939	Vegetable alkaloids, natural or reproduced by synthesis, and their salts, ethers, esters and other derivatives.	СТЅН
2940	Sugars, chemically pure, other than sucrose, lactose, maltose, glucose and fructose; sugar ethers and sugar esters, and their salts, other than products of heading No. 29.37, 29.38 or 29.39.	СТН
2941	Antibiotics.	СТЅН
2942	Other organic compounds.	стн

#### Pharmaceutical products

# **Primary Rule 1: Chemical Reaction**

A chemical reaction is to be considered as origin conferring when it corresponds to the following definition.

A "chemical reaction" is a process (including a biochemical process) which results in a molecule with a new structure by breaking intramolecular bonds and by forming new intramolecular bonds, or by altering the spatial arrangement of atoms in a molecule.

The following are not considered to be chemical reactions for the purposes of this definition:

- (a) dissolving in water or other solvents;
- (b) the elimination of solvents including solvent water; or
- (c) the addition or elimination of water of crystallization.

# Primary Rule 2: Mixtures and blends

Except for goods of heading 3003 the deliberate and proportionally controlled mixing or blending (including dispersing) of materials, other than the addition of diluents only to conform to predetermined specifications which results in the production of a good having physical or chemical characteristics which are relevant to the purposes or uses of the good and are different from the input materials is to be considered as origin conferring.

# **Primary Rule 3: Purification**

Purification is to be considered as origin conferring provided that one of the following criteria is satisfied:

- (a) purification of a good resulting in the elimination of 80 percent of the content of existing impurities; or
- (b) the reduction or elimination of impurities resulting in a good suitable for one or more of the following applications:
  - (i) pharmaceutical, medical, cosmetic, veterinary or food grade substances;
  - (ii) chemical products and reagents for analytical, diagnostic or laboratory uses;
  - (iii) elements and components for use in micro-electronics;
  - (iv) specialized optical uses;
  - (v) biotechnical use (e.g., in cell culturing, in genetic technology, or as a catalyst);
  - (vi) carriers used in a separation process; or
  - (vii) nuclear grade uses.

## Primary Rule 4: Change in particle size

The deliberate and controlled modification in particle size of a good, other than by merely crushing or pressing, resulting in a good having a defined particle size, defined particle size distribution or defined surface

area, which are relevant to the purposes of the resulting good and have different physical or chemical characteristics from the input materials is to be considered as origin conferring. This rule shall not be applied to heading 30.04.

# **Primary Rule 5: Standard Materials**

Standard materials (including standard solutions) are preparations suitable for analytical, calibrating or referencing uses having precise degrees of purity or proportions which are certified by the manufacturer. The production of standard materials is to be considered as origin conferring.

## **Primary Rule 6: Isomer Separation**

The isolation or separation of isomers from a mixture of isomers is to be considered as origin conferring.

## **Primary Rule 7: Biotechnological Processes**

- (a) biological or biotechnological culturing, hybridization or genetic modification of:
  - (i) micro-organisms (bacteria, viruses (including phages) etc.) or
  - (ii) human, animal or plant cells; and
- (b) production, isolation or purification of cellular or intercellular structures (such as isolated genes, gene fragments and plasmids)

are to be considered as origin conferring.

## Chapter residual rule:

HS 2022 Code	Description of goods	Primary rules
3001	Glands and other organs for organo- therapeutic uses, dried, whether or not powdered; extracts of glands or other organs or of their secretions for organo- therapeutic uses; heparin and its salts; other human or animal substances prepared for therapeutic or prophylactic uses, not elsewhere specified or included.	As specified for subheadings
3001 20	- Extracts of glands or other organs or of their secretions	CTSH
3001 90	- Other	СТЅН

HS 2022 Code	Description of goods	Primary rules
3002	Human blood; animal blood prepared for therapeutic, prophylactic or diagnostic uses; antisera, other blood fractions and immunological products, whether or not modified or obtained by means of biotechnological processes; vaccines, toxins, cultures of micro-organisms (excluding yeasts) and similar products; cell cultures, whether or not modified.	СТЅН
3003	Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 3002, 3005 or 3006) consisting of two or more constituents which have been mixed together for therapeutic or prophylactic uses, not put up in measured doses or in forms or packings for retail sale.	СТН
3004	Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 3002, 3005 or 3006) consisting of mixed or unmixed products for therapeutic or prophylactic uses, put up in measured doses (including those in the form of transdermal administration systems) or in forms or packings for retail sale.	CTH, except by mere pressing of tablets or by mere encapsulation.
3005	Wadding, gauze, bandages and similar articles (for example, dressings, adhesive plasters, poultices), impregnated or coated with pharmaceutical substances or put up in forms or packings for retail sale for medical, surgical, dental or veterinary purposes.	As specified for split headings
ex3005(a)	- Impregnated or coated with pharmaceutical substances	СТН
ex3005(b)	- Not impregnated or coated with pharmaceutical substances	CTH, except from the headings of Section XI (Textiles and Textile articles)
3006	Pharmaceutical goods specified in Note 4 to this Chapter.	As specified for subheadings

HS 2022 Code	Description of goods	Primary rules
3006 10	- Sterile surgical catgut, similar sterile suture materials and sterile tissue adhesives for surgical wound closure; sterile laminaria and sterile laminaria tents; sterile absorbable surgical or dental haemostatics	СТН
3006 20	- Blood-grouping reagents	СТН
3006 30	- Opacifying preparations for X-ray examinations; diagnostic reagents designed to be administered to the patient	СТН
3006 40	- Dental cements and other dental fillings; bone reconstruction cements	СТН
3006 50	- First-aid boxes and kits	СТН
3006 60	- Chemical contraceptive preparations based on hormones or spermicides	СТН
3006 70	- Gel preparations designed to be used in human or veterinary medicine as a lubricant for parts of the body for surgical operations or physical examinations or as a coupling agent between the body and medical instruments	СТН
	-Other :	
3006 91	Appliances identifiable for ostomy use	СТН
3006 92	Waste pharmaceuticals	The origin shall be the country where the goods are derived or collected from manufacturing or processing operations or from consumption
3006 93	Placebos and blinded (or double-blinded) clinical trial kits for a recognised clinical trial, put up in measured doses	СТН

#### **Fertilisers**

# **Primary Rule 1: Chemical Reaction**

A chemical reaction is to be considered as origin conferring when it corresponds to the following definition.

A "chemical reaction" is a process (including a biochemical process) which results in a molecule with a new structure by breaking intramolecular bonds and by forming new intramolecular bonds, or by altering the spatial arrangement of atoms in a molecule.

The following are not considered to be chemical reactions for the purposes of this definition:

- (a) dissolving in water or other solvents;
- (b) the elimination of solvents including solvent water; or
- (c) the addition or elimination of water of crystallization.

# Primary Rule 2: Mixtures and Blends

The deliberate and proportionally controlled mixing or blending (including dispersing) of materials other than the addition of diluents only to conform to predetermined specifications which results in the production of a good having physical or chemical characteristics which are relevant to the purposes or uses of the good and are different from the input materials is to be considered as origin conferring.

#### **Primary Rule 3: Purification**

- (a) purification of a good resulting in the elimination of 80 percent of the content of existing impurities; or
- (b) the reduction or elimination of impurities resulting in a good suitable for one or more of the following applications:
  - (i) pharmaceutical, medical, cosmetic, veterinary or food grade substances;
  - (ii) chemical products and reagents for analytical, diagnostic or laboratory uses;
  - (iii) elements and components for use in micro-electronics;
  - (iv) specialized optical uses;
  - (v) biotechnical use (e.g., in cell culturing, in genetic technology, or as a catalyst);
  - (vi) carriers used in a separation process; or
  - (vii) nuclear grade uses.

# **Primary Rule 4: Standard Materials**

Standard materials (including standard solutions) are preparations suitable for analytical, calibrating or referencing uses having precise degrees of purity or proportions which are certified by the manufacturer. The production of standard materials is to be considered as origin conferring.

# **Primary Rule 5: Isomer Separation**

The isolation or separation of isomers from a mixture of isomers is to be considered as origin conferring.

# Chapter residual rule:

HS 2022 Code	Description of goods	Primary Rules
3101	Animal or vegetable fertilisers, whether or not mixed together or chemically treated; fertilisers produced by the mixing or chemical treatment of animal or vegetable products.	СТН
3102	Mineral or chemical fertilisers, nitrogenous.	СТН
3103	Mineral or chemical fertilisers, phosphatic.	СТН
3104	Mineral or chemical fertilisers, potassic.	СТН
3105	Mineral or chemical fertilisers containing two or three of the fertilising elements nitrogen, phosphorus and potassium; other fertilisers; goods of this Chapter in tablets or similar forms or in packages of a gross weight not exceeding 10 kg.	As specified for subheadings
3105 10	- Goods of this Chapter in tablets or similar forms or in packages of a gross weight not exceeding 10 kg	CTSH, except when resulting from putting up in tablets or similar forms or in packages.
3105 20	- Mineral or chemical fertilisers containing the three fertilising elements nitrogen, phosphorus and potassium	СТН
3105 30	- Diammonium hydrogenorthophosphate (diammonium phosphate)	СТН

HS 2022 Code	Description of goods	Primary Rules
3105 40	- Ammonium dihydrogenorthophosphate (monoammonium phosphate) and mixtures thereof with diammonium hydrogenorthophosphate (diammonium phosphate)	СТН
	- Other mineral or chemical fertilisers containing the two fertilising elements nitrogen and phosphorus:	
3105 51	Containing nitrates and phosphates	СТН
3105 59	Other	СТН
3105 60	- Mineral or chemical fertilisers containing the two fertilising elements phosphorus and potassium	СТН
3105 90	- Other	СТН

## Tanning or dyeing extracts; tannins and their derivatives; dyes, pigments and other colouring matter;

# paints and varnishes; putty and other mastics; inks

#### **Primary Rule 1: Chemical reaction**

A chemical reaction is to be considered as origin conferring when it corresponds to the following definition.

A "chemical reaction" is a process (including a biochemical process) which results in a molecule with a new structure by breaking intramolecular bonds and by forming new intramolecular bonds, or by altering the spatial arrangement of atoms in a molecule.

The following are not considered to be chemical reactions for the purposes of this definition:

- (a) dissolving in water or other solvents;
- (b) the elimination of solvents including solvent water; or
- (c) the addition or elimination of water of crystallization.

#### **Primary Rule 2: Mixtures and Blends**

- (a) The deliberate and proportionally controlled mixing or blending (including dispersing) of materials other than the addition of diluents only to conform to predetermined specifications which results in the production of a good having physical or chemical characteristics which are relevant to the purposes or uses of the good and are different from the input materials is to be considered as origin conferring.
- (b) Notwithstanding point (a), the processing of crude dyestuffs and pigments (including the addition of diluents only) to produce a standardized product fulfilling prescribed specifications for shade, brightness, colour strength, particle size, particle distribution or solubility is to be considered as origin conferring.

## **Primary Rule 3: Purification**

- (a) purification of a good resulting in the elimination of 80 percent of the content of existing impurities; or
- (b) the reduction or elimination of impurities resulting in a good suitable for one or more of the following applications:
  - (i) pharmaceutical, medical, cosmetic, veterinary or food grade substances;
  - (ii) chemical products and reagents for analytical, diagnostic or laboratory uses;
  - (iii) elements and components for use in micro-electronics;
  - (iv) specialized optical uses;
  - (v) biotechnical use (e.g., in cell culturing, in genetic technology, or as a catalyst);
  - (vi) carriers used in a separation process; or

(vii) nuclear grade uses.

# Primary Rule 4: Change in particle size

The deliberate and controlled modification in particle size of a good, other than by merely crushing or pressing, resulting in a good having a defined particle size, defined particle size distribution or defined surface area, which are relevant to the purposes of the resulting good and have different physical or chemical characteristics from the input materials is to be considered as origin conferring.

## **Primary Rule 5: Standard Materials**

Standard materials (including standard solutions) are preparations suitable for analytical, calibrating or referencing uses having precise degrees of purity or proportions which are certified by the manufacturer. The production of standard materials is to be considered as origin conferring.

## Primary Rule 6: Isomer separation

The isolation or separation of isomers from a mixture of isomers is to be considered as origin conferring.

#### Chapter residual rule:

HS 2022 Code	Description of goods	Primary rules
3201	Tanning extracts of vegetable origin; tannins and their salts, ethers, esters and other derivatives.	As specified for split heading
ex 3201(a)	- Tannins	CTHS
ex 3201(b)	- Other	СТН
3202	Synthetic organic tanning substances; inorganic tanning substances; tanning preparations, whether or not containing natural tanning substances; enzymatic preparations for pre-tanning.	As specified for subheadings
3202 10	- Synthetic organic tanning substances	СТН
3202 90	- Other	CTSH
3203	Colouring matter of vegetable or animal origin (including dyeing extracts but excluding animal black), whether or not chemically defined; preparations as specified in Note 3 to this Chapter based on colouring matter of vegetable or animal origin.	СТН

HS 2022 Code	Description of goods	Primary rules
3204	Synthetic organic colouring matter, whether or not chemically defined; preparations as specified in Note 3 to this Chapter based on synthetic organic colouring matter; synthetic organic products of a kind used as fluorescent brightening agents or as luminophores, whether or not chemically defined.	СТЅН
3205	Colour lakes; preparations as specified in Note 3 to this Chapter based on colour lakes.	СТН
32.06	Other colouring matter; preparations as specified in Note 3 to this Chapter, other than those of heading 3203, 3204 or 3205; inorganic products of a kind used as luminophores, whether or not chemically defined.	CTSH
3207	Prepared pigments, prepared opacifiers and prepared colours, vitrifiable enamels and glazes, engobes (slips), liquid lustres and similar preparations, of a kind used in the ceramic, enamelling or glass industry; glass frit and other glass, in the form of powder, granules or flakes.	CTSH
3208	Paints and varnishes (including enamels and lacquers) based on synthetic polymers or chemically modified natural polymers, dispersed or dissolved in a non-aqueous medium; solutions as defined in Note 4 to this Chapter.	As specified for split headings
ex3208(a)	- Paints and varnishes (including enamels and lacquers) based on synthetic polymers or chemically modified natural polymers, dispersed or dissolved in a non-aqueous medium;	СТНЅ
ex3208(b)	- Solutions as defined in note 4 to this Chapter	CTH, except from headings 39.01 to 39.13

HS 2022 Code	Description of goods	Primary rules
3209	Paints and varnishes (including enamels and lacquers) based on synthetic polymers or chemically modified natural polymers, dispersed or dissolved in an aqueous medium.	СТН
3210	Other paints and varnishes (including enamels, lacquers and distempers); prepared water pigments of a kind used for finishing leather.	СТН
3211	Prepared driers.	СТН
3212	Pigments (including metallic powders and flakes) dispersed in non-aqueous media, in liquid or paste form, of a kind used in the manufacture of paints (including enamels); stamping foils; dyes and other colouring matter put up in forms or packings for retail sale.	As specified for subheadings
3212 10	- Stamping foils	СТЅН
3212 90	- Other	стн
3213	Artists', students' or signboard painters' colours, modifying tints, amusement colours and the like, in tablets, tubes, jars, bottles, pans or in similar forms or packings	CTH, except when resulting only from putting in tablets, tubes, jars, bottles, pans or in similar forms or packings
3214	Glaziers' putty, grafting putty, resin cements, caulking compounds and other mastics; painters' fillings; non-refractory surfacing preparations for façades, indoor walls, floors, ceilings or the like.	CTH, except from subheading 3824 50
3215	Printing ink, writing or drawing ink and other inks, whether or not concentrated or solid.	CTSH

# Essential oils and resinoids; perfumery, cosmetic or toilet preparations

## Primary Rule 1: Mixtures and Blends

For the purposes of headings 3302, 3304, 3305, 3306 and 3307, the deliberate and proportionally controlled mixing or blending (including dispersing) of materials other than the addition of diluents only to conform to predetermined specifications which results in the production of a good having physical or chemical characteristics which are relevant to the purposes or uses of the good and are different from the input materials is to be considered as origin conferring. However, the mere addition of the goods of headings 3301 or 3302 to the goods of other headings of this Chapter should not be considered as producing a good having physical or chemical characteristics which are relevant to the purposes or uses of the good under this Chapter.

#### **Primary Rule 2: Purification**

Purification is to be considered as origin conferring provided that one of the following criteria is satisfied:

- (a) purification of a good resulting in the elimination of 80 percent of the content of existing impurities;
- (b) the reduction or elimination of impurities resulting in a good suitable for one or more of the following applications:
  - (i) pharmaceutical, medical, cosmetic, veterinary or food grade substances;
  - (ii) chemical products and reagents for analytical, diagnostic or laboratory uses;
  - (iii) elements and components for use in micro-electronics;
  - (iv) specialized optical uses;
  - (v) biotechnical use (e.g., in cell culturing, in genetic technology, or as a catalyst);
  - (vi) carriers used in a separation process; or
  - (vii) nuclear grade uses.

## Chapter residual rule:

HS 2022 Code	Description of goods	Primary rules
3301	- Essential oils (terpeneless or not), including concretes and absolutes; resinoids; extracted oleoresins; concentrates of essential oils in fats, in fixed oils, in waxes or the like, obtained by enfleurage or maceration; terpenic byproducts of the deterpenation of essential oils; aqueous distillates and aqueous solutions of essential oils.	CTSH
3302	Mixtures of odoriferous substances and mixtures (including alcoholic solutions) with a basis of one or more of these substances, of a kind used as raw materials in industry; other preparations based on odoriferous substances, of a kind used for the manufacture of beverages	As specified in Chapter Primary Rule 1
3303	Perfumes and toilet waters.	CTH, except by mere dilution or by mere addition of alcohol to odoriferous substance or to a perfume base.
3304	Beauty or make-up preparations and preparations for the care of the skin (other than medicaments), including sunscreen or sun tan preparations; manicure or pedicure preparations.	СТЅН
3305	Preparations for use on the hair.	CTSH
3306	Preparations for oral or dental hygiene, including denture fixative pastes and powders; yarn used to clean between the teeth (dental floss), in individual retail packages.	As specified for subheadings
3306 10	- Dentifrices	CTSH
3306 20	- Yarn used to clean between the teeth (dental floss)	CTH, except by cutting and putting up for retail sale only
3306 90	- Other	СТЅН

Pre-shave, shaving or after-shave preparations, personal deodorants, bath preparations, depilatories and other perfumery, cosmetic or toilet preparations, not elsewhere specified or included; prepared room deodorisers, whether or not perfumed	HS 2022 Code	Description of goods	Primary rules
or having disinfectant properties.	3307	preparations, personal deodorants, bath preparations, depilatories and other perfumery, cosmetic or toilet preparations, not elsewhere specified or included; prepared room deodorisers, whether or not perfumed	CTSH

Soap, organic surface-active agents, washing preparations, lubricating preparations, artificial waxes, prepared waxes, polishing or scouring preparations, candles and similar articles, modelling pastes, "dental waxes" and dental preparations with a basis of plaster

## **Primary Rule 1: Chemical Reaction**

A chemical reaction is to be considered as origin conferring when it corresponds to the following definition.

A "chemical reaction" is a process (including a biochemical process) which results in a molecule with a new structure by breaking intramolecular bonds and by forming new intramolecular bonds, or by altering the spatial arrangement of atoms in a molecule.

The following are not considered to be chemical reactions for the purposes of this definition:

- (a) dissolving in water or other solvents;
- (b) the elimination of solvents including solvent water; or
- (c) the addition or elimination of water of crystallization.

#### Primary Rule 2: Mixtures and blends

The deliberate and proportionally controlled mixing or blending (including dispersing) of materials other than the addition of diluents only to conform to predetermined specifications which results in the production of a good having physical or chemical characteristics which are relevant to the purposes or uses of the good and are different from the input materials is to be considered as origin conferring.

# **Primary Rule 3: Purification**

- (a) purification of a good resulting in the elimination of 80 percent of the content of existing impurities; or
- (b) the reduction or elimination of impurities resulting in a good suitable for one or more of the following applications:
  - (i) pharmaceutical, medical, cosmetic, veterinary or food grade substances;
  - (ii) chemical products and reagents for analytical, diagnostic or laboratory uses;
  - (iii) elements and components for use in micro-electronics;
  - (iv) specialized optical uses;
  - (v) biotechnical use (e.g., in cell culturing, in genetic technology, or as a catalyst);
  - (vi) carriers used in a separation process; or
  - (vii) nuclear grade uses.

# **Primary Rule 4: Reduction in particle size**

The deliberate and controlled reduction in particle size of a good, other than by merely crushing, resulting in a good having a defined particle size, defined particle size distribution or defined surface area, which are relevant to the purposes of the resulting good and have different physical or chemical characteristics from the input materials is to be considered as origin conferring.

# Chapter residual rule:

HS 2022 Code	Description of goods	Primary rules
3401	Soap; organic surface-active products and preparations for use as soap, in the form of bars, cakes, moulded pieces or shapes, whether or not containing soap; paper, wadding, felt and nonwovens, impregnated, coated or covered with soap or detergent.	As specified for split headings
ex3401(a)	felt and non-wovens, impregnated, coated or covered with soap or detergent	Manufacture from felt or non-wovens
ex3401(b)	- Paper, wadding, impregnated, coated or covered with soap or detergent	CTHS
ex3401(c)	- Other	СТН
3402	Organic surface-active agents (other than soap); surface-active preparations, washing preparations (including auxiliary washing preparations) and cleaning preparations, whether or not containing soap, other than those of heading 3401.	As specified for subheadings
	- Organic surface-active agents, whether or not put up for retail sale:	
3402 11	Anionic	СТЅН
3402 12	Cationic	CTSH
3402 13	Non-ionic	CTSH
3402 19	Other	CTSH

HS 2022 Code	Description of goods	Primary rules
3402 20	- Preparations put up for retail sale	СТН
3402 90	- Other	СТН
3403	Lubricating preparations (including cutting-oil preparations, bolt or nut release preparations, anti-rust or anti-corrosion preparations and mould release preparations, based on lubricants) and preparations of a kind used for the oil or grease treatment of textile materials, leather, furskins or other materials, but excluding preparations containing, as basic constituents, 70 % or more by weight of petroleum oils or of oils obtained from bituminous minerals.	СТН
3404	Artificial waxes and prepared waxes.	СТН
3405	Polishes and creams, for footwear, furniture, floors, coachwork, glass or metal, scouring pastes and powders and similar preparations (whether or not in the form of paper, wadding, felt, nonwovens, cellular plastics or cellular rubber, impregnated, coated or covered with such preparations), excluding waxes of heading No. 34.04.	As specified for split headings
ex3405(a)	Felt and non-wovens, impregnated, coated or covered with polishes and creams, for footwear, furniture, floors, coachwork, glass or metal, scouring pastes and powders and similar preparations	Manufacture from felt or non-wovens
ex3405(b)	- In the form of paper, wadding, cellular plastics or cellular rubber, impregnated, coated or covered with polishes and creams, for footwear, furniture, floors, coachwork, glass or metal, scouring pastes and powders and similar preparations	CTHS
ex3405(c)	- Other	СТН

HS 2022 Code	Description of goods	Primary rules
3406	Candles, tapers and the like.	СТН
3407	Modelling pastes, including those put up for children's amusement; preparations known as "dental wax" or as "dental impression compounds", put up in sets, in packings for retail sale or in plates, horseshoe shapes, sticks or similar forms; other preparations for use in dentistry, with a basis of plaster (of calcined gypsum or calcium sulphate).	СТН

## Albuminoidal substances; modified starches; glues; enzymes

# **Primary Rule 1: Chemical Reaction**

A chemical reaction is to be considered as origin conferring when it corresponds to the following definition.

A "chemical reaction" is a process (including a biochemical process) which results in a molecule with a new structure by breaking intramolecular bonds and by forming new intramolecular bonds, or by altering the spatial arrangement of atoms in a molecule.

The following are not considered to be chemical reactions for the purposes of this definition:

- (a) dissolving in water or other solvents;
- (b) the elimination of solvents including solvent water; or
- (c) the addition or elimination of water of crystallization.

# **Primary Rule 2: Mixtures and Blends**

For the purposes of subheading 3502 20 and headings 3506 and 3507, the deliberate and proportionally controlled mixing or blending (including dispersing) of materials other than the addition of diluents only to conform to predetermined specifications which results in the production of a good having physical or chemical characteristics which are relevant to the purposes or uses of the good and are different from the input materials is to be considered to be as origin conferring.

## **Primary Rule 3: Purification**

Purification is to be considered as origin conferring provided that one of the following criteria is satisfied:

- (a) purification of a good resulting in the elimination of 80 percent of the content of existing impurities; or
- (b) the reduction or elimination of impurities resulting in a good suitable for one or more of the following applications:
  - (i) pharmaceutical, medical, cosmetic, veterinary or food grade substances;
  - (ii) chemical products and reagents for analytical, diagnostic or laboratory uses;
  - (iii) elements and components for use in micro-electronics;
  - (iv) specialized optical uses;
  - (v) biotechnical use (e.g., in cell culturing, in genetic technology, or as a catalyst);
  - (vi) carriers used in a separation process; or
  - (vii) nuclear grade uses.

## Primary Rule 4: Reduction in particle size

The deliberate and controlled reduction in particle size of a good, other than by merely crushing, resulting in a good having a defined particle size, defined particle size distribution or defined surface area, which are

relevant to the purposes of the resulting good and have different physical or chemical characteristics from the input materials is to be considered as origin conferring.

# **Primary Rule 5: Standard Materials**

Standard materials (including standard solutions) are preparations suitable for analytical, calibrating or referencing uses having precise degrees of purity or proportions which are certified by the manufacturer. The production of standard materials is to be considered as origin conferring.

## **Primary Rule 6: Isomer Separation**

The isolation or separation of isomers from a mixture of isomers is to be considered as origin conferring.

## Chapter residual rule:

HS 2022 Code	Description of goods	Primary rules
3501	Casein, caseinates and other casein derivatives; casein glues.	As specified for subheadings
3501 10	- Casein	СТН
3501 90	- Other	As specified for split subheadings
ex3501 90(a)	<u>Casein glues</u>	CTSHS
ex3501 90(b)	Other	СТЅН
3502	Albumins (including concentrates of two or more whey proteins, containing by weight more than 80 % whey proteins, calculated on the dry matter), albuminates and other albumin derivatives.	As specified for subheadings

HS 2022 Code	Description of goods	Primary rules		
ex3502	Dried egg albumin:	Drying (after breaking and separation, where appropriate) of:  — birds' eggs, in shell, fresh or preserved, falling within HS heading ex 0407  — birds' eggs, not in shell, other than dried, falling within HS heading ex 0408 or  — egg whites, other than dried, falling within HS heading ex 3502		
	- Egg albumin:			
3502 11	Dried	СТЅН		
3502 19	Other	CTH, except from heading 0407 or 0408		
3502 20	- Milk albumin, including concentrates of two or more whey proteins	СТН		
3502 90	- Other	СТН		
3503	Gelatin (including gelatin in rectangular (including square) sheets, whether or not surface-worked or coloured) and gelatin derivatives; isinglass; other glues of animal origin, excluding casein glues of heading 3501.	СТН		
3504	Peptones and their derivatives; other protein substances and their derivatives, not elsewhere specified or included; hide powder, whether or not chromed.	СТН		
3505	Dextrins and other modified starches (for example, pregelatinised or esterified starches); glues based on starches, or on dextrins or other modified starches.	As specified for subheadings		
3505 10	- Dextrins and other modified starches	СТН		

HS 2022 Code	Description of goods	Primary rules
3505 20	- Glues	СТЅН
3506	Prepared glues and other prepared adhesives, not elsewhere specified or included; products suitable for use as glues or adhesives, put up for retail sale as glues or adhesives, not exceeding a net weight of 1 kg.	CTSH
3507	Enzymes; prepared enzymes not elsewhere specified or included.	СТН

# Explosives; pyrotechnic products; matches; pyrophoric alloys; certain combustible preparations

# Chapter residual rule:

HS 2022 Code	Description of goods	Primary rules
3601	Propellent powders.	СТН
3602	Prepared explosives, other than propellent powders.	СТН
3603	Safety fuses; detonating cords; percussion or detonating caps; igniters; electric detonators.	СТН
3604	Fireworks, signalling flares, rain rockets, fog signals and other pyrotechnic articles.	СТН
3605	Matches, other than pyrotechnic articles of heading 3604.	СТН
3606	Ferro-cerium and other pyrophoric alloys in all forms; articles of combustible materials as specified in Note 2 to this Chapter.	CTH, except when this change results from the liquefaction or putting up for retail sale of products of other headings

# Photographic or cinematographic goods

# **Primary Rule: Mixtures and Blends**

For the purposes of heading 3707, the deliberate and proportionally controlled mixing or blending (including dispersing) of materials other than the addition of diluents only to conform to predetermined specifications which results in the production of a good having physical or chemical characteristics which are relevant to the purposes or uses of the good and are different from the input materials is to be considered as origin conferring.

## Chapter residual rule:

HS 2022 Code	Description of goods	Primary rules  As specified for subheadings	
3701	Photographic plates and film in the flat, sensitised, unexposed, of any material other than paper, paperboard or textiles; instant print film in the flat, sensitised, unexposed, whether or not in packs.		
3701 10	- For X-ray	CTH, except from heading 3702	
3701 20	- Instant print film	СТН	
3701 30	- Other plates and film, with any side exceeding 255 mm  CTH, except from heading 370		
	Other		
3701 91	For colour photography (polychrome)	CTH, except from heading 3702	
3701 99	Other	CTH, except from heading 3702	
3702	Photographic film in rolls, sensitised, unexposed, of any material other than paper, paperboard or textiles; instant print film in rolls, sensitised, unexposed.	CTH, except from heading 3701	
3703	Photographic paper, paperboard and textiles, sensitised, unexposed.	СТН	
3704	Photographic plates, film, paper, paperboard and textiles, exposed but not developed.	СТН	
3705	Photographic plates and film, exposed and developed, other than cinematographic film.	СТН	

HS 2022 Code	Description of goods	Primary rules
3706	Cinematographic film, exposed and developed, whether or not incorporating sound track or consisting only of sound track.	СТН
3707	Chemical preparations for photographic uses (other than varnishes, glues, adhesives and similar preparations); unmixed products for photographic uses, put up in measured portions or put up for retail sale in a form ready for use.	СТН

## Miscellaneous chemical products

## **Primary Rule 1: Chemical reaction**

A chemical reaction is to be considered as origin conferring when it corresponds to the following definition.

A "chemical reaction" is a process (including a biochemical process) which results in a molecule with a new structure by breaking intramolecular bonds and by forming new intramolecular bonds, or by altering the spatial arrangement of atoms in a molecule.

The following are not considered to be chemical reactions for the purposes of this definition:

- (a) dissolving in water or other solvents;
- (b) the elimination of solvents including solvent water; or
- (c) the addition or elimination of water of crystallization.

# **Primary Rule 2: Mixtures and Blends**

For the purposes of headings 38.01, 38.04, 38.06, 38.07, 38.08 to 38.15, 38.19 to 38.21, 38.23 and 38.24, the deliberate and proportionally controlled mixing or blending (including dispersing) of materials other than the addition of diluents only to conform to predetermined specifications which results in the production of a good having physical or chemical characteristics which are relevant to the purposes or uses of the good and are different from the input materials is to be considered as origin conferring.

# **Primary Rule 3: Purification**

Purification is to be considered as origin conferring provided that one of the following criteria is satisfied:

- (a) purification of a good resulting in the elimination of 80 percent of the content of existing impurities; or
- (b) the reduction or elimination of impurities resulting in a good suitable for one or more of the following applications:
  - (i) pharmaceutical, medical, cosmetic, veterinary or food grade substances;
  - (ii) chemical products and reagents for analytical, diagnostic or laboratory uses;
  - (iii) elements and components for use in micro-electronics;
  - (iv) specialized optical uses;
  - (v) biotechnical use (e.g., in cell culturing, in genetic technology, or as a catalyst);
  - (vi) carriers used in a separation process; or
  - (vii) nuclear grade uses.

## Primary Rule 4: Change in particle size

For the purposes of headings 3802, 3808, 3809, 3811, 3812 and 3815, the deliberate and controlled modification in particle size of a good, other than by merely crushing or pressing, resulting in a good having a

defined particle size, defined particle size distribution or defined surface area, which are relevant to the purposes of the resulting good and have different physical or chemical characteristics from the input materials is to be considered as origin conferring.

# **Primary Rule 5: Standard Materials**

Standard materials (including standard solutions) are preparations suitable for analytical, calibrating or referencing uses having precise degrees of purity or proportions which are certified by the manufacturer. The production of standard materials is to be considered as origin conferring.

# Chapter residual rule:

HS 2022 Code	Description of goods	Primary rules	
3801	Artificial graphite; colloidal or semi-colloidal graphite; preparations based on graphite or other carbon in the form of pastes, blocks, plates or other semi-manufactures.	As specified for subheadings	
3801 10	- Artificial graphite	CTSH; or change within the subheading from waste, scrap or worn-out articles	
3801 20	- Colloidal or semi-colloidal graphite	CTSH	
3801 30	- Carbonaceous pastes for electrodes and similar pastes for furnace linings	CTSH	
3801 90	- Other	CTSH	
3802	Activated carbon; activated natural mineral products; animal black, including spent animal black.	СТН	
3803	Tall oil, whether or not refined.	As specified for split headings	
ex3803(a)	- <u>Refined</u>	CTHS	
ex3803(b)	- Other	СТН	
3804	Residual lyes from the manufacture of wood pulp, whether or not concentrated, desugared or chemically treated, including lignin sulphonates, but excluding tall oil of heading 3803.	СТН	

HS 2022 Code	Description of goods	Primary rules
3805	Gum, wood or sulphate turpentine and other terpenic oils produced by the distillation or other treatment of coniferous woods; crude dipentene; sulphite turpentine and other crude para-cymene; pine oil containing alpha-terpineol as the main constituent.	As specified for subheadings
3805 10	- Gum, wood or sulphate turpentine oils	СТН
3805 90	- Other	СТЅН
3806	Rosin and resin acids, and derivatives thereof; rosin spirit and rosin oils; run gums.	CTSH
3807	Wood tar; wood tar oils; wood creosote; wood naphtha; vegetable pitch; brewers' pitch and similar preparations based on rosin, resin acids or on vegetable pitch.	СТН
3808	Insecticides, rodenticides, fungicides, herbicides, anti-sprouting products and plant-growth regulators, disinfectants and similar products, put up in forms or packings for retail sale or as preparations or articles (for example, sulphur-treated bands, wicks and candles, and fly-papers).	СТН
3809	Finishing agents, dye carriers to accelerate the dyeing or fixing of dyestuffs and other products and preparations (for example, dressings and mordants), of a kind used in the textile, paper, leather or like industries, not elsewhere specified or included.	СТН
3810	Pickling preparations for metal surfaces; fluxes and other auxiliary preparations for soldering, brazing or welding; soldering, brazing or welding powders and pastes consisting of metal and other materials; preparations of a kind used as cores or coatings for welding electrodes or rods.	СТН

HS 2022 Code	Description of goods	Primary rules
3811	Anti-knock preparations, oxidation inhibitors, gum inhibitors, viscosity improvers, anti-corrosive preparations and other prepared additives, for mineral oils (including gasoline) or for other liquids used for the same purposes as mineral oils.	СТН
3812	Prepared rubber accelerators; compound plasticisers for rubber or plastics, not elsewhere specified or included; antioxidising preparations and other compound stabilisers for rubber or plastics.	СТН
3813	Preparations and charges for fire- extinguishers; charged fire-extinguishing grenades.	СТН
3814	Organic composite solvents and thinners, not elsewhere specified or included; prepared paint or varnish removers.	СТН
3815	Reaction initiators, reaction accelerators and catalytic preparations, not elsewhere specified or included.	СТН
3816	Refractory cements, mortars, concretes and similar compositions, including dolomite ramming mix, other than products of heading 3801	As specified for split headings
ex3816(a)	- Dolomite ramming mix	As specified for split subheadings
	Tarred dolomite	CTSHS
	Other	The origin shall be the country where the minerals of this split subheading are obtained in their natural or unprocessed state.
ex3816(b)	-Other	стн
3817	Mixed alkylbenzenes and mixed alkylnaphthalenes, other than those of heading No. 27.07 or 29.02.	СТН

HS 2022 Code	Description of goods	Primary rules	
3818	Chemical elements doped for use in electronics, in the form of discs, wafers or similar forms; chemical compounds doped for use in electronics.	CTH; or change within this heading following the cutting into discs, wafers or similar forms, polishing or coating with an epitaxial layer.	
3819	Hydraulic brake fluids and other prepared liquids for hydraulic transmission, not containing or containing less than 70 % by weight of petroleum oils or oils obtained from bituminous minerals.	СТН	
3820	Anti-freezing preparations and prepared deicing fluids.	СТН	
3821	Prepared culture media for development of micro-organisms.	СТН	
3822	Diagnostic or laboratory reagents on a backing and prepared diagnostic or laboratory reagents whether or not on a backing, other than those of heading 3002 or 3006.	СТН	
3823	Industrial monocarboxylic fatty acids; acid oils from refining; industrial fatty alcohols.	СТЅН	
3824	Prepared binders for foundry moulds or cores; chemical products and preparations of the chemical or allied industries (including those consisting of mixtures of natural products), not elsewhere specified or included	СТЅН	
3825	Residual products of the chemical or allied industries, not elsewhere specified or included; municipal waste; sewage sludge; other wastes specified in Note 6 to this Chapter.	СТН	
3826	Biodiesel and mixtures thereof, not containing or containing less than 70 % by weight of petroleum oils or oils obtained from bituminous minerals.	СТН	
3827	Mixtures containing halogenated derivatives of methane, ethane or propane, not elsewhere specified or included.	СТЅН	